

## **Meeting Summary**

# Colusa Subbasin SGMA-Series Sustainable Groundwater Meeting Colusa Groundwater Authority / Glenn Groundwater Authority December 10, 2020

#### Attendees:

Attachment A presents Colusa Groundwater Authority (CGA) and Glenn Groundwater Authority (GGA) Board members, staff, and consultant team attendees. In addition to these agency representatives, 39 members of the public participated in the meeting via zoom. Additionally, viewing was possible on Facebook Live.

#### Introduction:

This meeting followed the agenda outlined in Attachment B. At the start of the meeting, Dave Ceppos of Sacramento State's Consensus and Collaboration Program (facilitator), introduced the agenda, and then GGA Chair Mr. John Amaro. Mr. Amaro opened the meeting with introductory comments, highlighting the importance of public input on the Colusa Subbasin Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP) process.

### Overview of SGMA and GSP Preparation/Timeline Presentation:

The facilitator introduced the first presenter, Byron Clark, of Davids Engineering, (primary consultant and project manager of the GSP technical team on behalf of the CGA and GGA). Mr. Clark presented an overview of the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA) and GSP Preparation and Timeline (Attachment C).

Mr. Clark described key legislative and regulatory deadlines established by SGMA. He then discussed who is affected by SGMA and potential implications of State Water Resources Control Board intervention if the Colusa Subbasin fails to comply. Required components of the Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP) were discussed, as well as the current status of GSP development and planned schedule of releasing draft Basin Setting chapter of the Plan this spring, followed by a full draft of the GSP in late summer/early fall.

## **Question and Answer Segment:**

Upon conclusion of the presentation, the facilitator opened the floor for public comment. There was none at that time.

### **Colusa Subbasin Setting and Conditions Presentation:**

The facilitator introduced the second presenter, Ken Loy of West Yost Associates, part of the technical team. Mr. Loy presented on the Colusa Subbasin Setting and Conditions (Attachment C).

Specifically, Mr. Loy described the Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model (HCM) for the Colusa Subbasin, discussed historical and current groundwater conditions in the subbasin, and provided an overview of additional hydrogeologic investigations underway.

Discussion of the HCM included the horizontal and vertical extent of the subbasin and water movement within the subbasin and interactions with neighboring subbasins. Groundwater conditions described included groundwater elevations, groundwater quality, land subsidence, interconnected surface waters, and groundwater dependent ecosystems (GDEs). The hydrogeologic investigation currently underway is currently being planned and will be completed in 2021. The workplan has been discussed with the Joint Technical Advisory Committee and is also being developed in coordination with DWR.

### **Question and Answer Segment:**

Upon conclusion of the presentation, the facilitator opened the floor for public comment. The following input was received at that time.

- 1. A member of the public provided the following input: The Nature Conservancy (TNC) cuts off groundwater dependent ecosystems at a depth of 30 feet. However, the U.S. Department of Agriculture notes that Valley Oak groves can tap into groundwater as deep as 80 feet and are groundwater dependent. Thus, the GSP should take into consideration that Valley Oak woodlands may be tapping deeper than the TNC guidelines suggest. This information has also been presented to the Butte County Department of Water and Resource Conservation and should be shared in the upcoming Interbasin Coordination Group meeting.
- 2. The aforementioned member of the public also posed the following question: There have been discrepancies between basin setting and water budget reports during the initial stages of groundwater sustainability planning. The Interbasin Coordination Group stated in their December 1st meeting agenda that they would review compiled data, identify significant differences, and discuss potential ways to reconcile those differences. Has there been an update? For example, is there an update on reconciling the discrepancies from the various water models used, since consistency is critical to the foundation of groundwater planning.
  - Mary Fahey, CGA Program Manager stated that the issue of resolving discrepancies is an ongoing discussion and deferred to the technical consultant.
  - Lisa Hunter, GGA Program Manager explained that the consultants have been asked to work out any discrepancies so that when the development process is further along and the results are being shared more widely, they match up.

- Mr. Clark asked for clarification on the discrepancies the member of the public was referring to. He then explained that the example the member of the public provided was referencing figures that were developed for public presentations for use in a workshop setting but were not actually included in the Draft Basin Setting document. The discrepancies in these figures are due to a limitation in one of the models being used, which requires certain assumptions to be made, that are not present in another model. Despite this limitation, the models are well-calibrated and the technical team is confident that they are reliable for the water budget results. Further, it is fairly early in the process to compare the models and only a few of the models have yielded draft results thus far. At this point in the process, it is most important to make sure there is consistency in how the models are used. Checking for consistency in outcomes will come later in the process.
- 3. A member of the public posed the following question: Was the map on groundwater dependent ecosystems also based on soil mapping based on the lines along with west side of the basin?
  - Mr. Loy responded that he could not answer in that moment, but later followed up with the following written response: The focus of the TNC/ Department of Water Resources (DWR) mapping of potential GDEs was based on large-scale GIS mapping of vegetation classes and wetlands. It did not explicitly consider soil mapping. Soils and geology are factors that may help establish GDE priorities for the Colusa Subbasin. A very good summary of the TNC/ DWR mapping can be found at this link: <a href="https://water.ca.gov/-/media/DWR-Website/Web-Pages/Programs/Groundwater-Management/Data-and-Tools/Files/Statewide-Reports/Natural-Communities-Dataset-Summary-Document\_ay\_19.pdf">https://water.ca.gov/-/media/DWR-Website/Web-Pages/Programs/Groundwater-Management/Data-and-Tools/Files/Statewide-Reports/Natural-Communities-Dataset-Summary-Document\_ay\_19.pdf</a>

### **Water Budgets Presentation:**

The facilitator reintroduced Mr. Clark, who presented on Water Budgets (Attachment C).

Mr. Clark provided an overview of water budgets, followed by presentation of draft historical and projected water budgets being developed for inclusion in the GSP. The overview included general water budget principles, an overview of water budget components required for the GSP (e.g. inflows, outflows, and change in storage), and a description of the technical approach to develop water budgets for the Colusa Subbasin. The approach relies on DWR's C2VSimFG Integrated Hydrologic Model and includes several refinements to better represent local conditions.

The historical water budget represents the 16-year period from October 1989 to September 2015, and indicates an average annual decrease in groundwater storage of approximately 28 thousand acre-feet per year (TAF/yr) over the historical period. Water budget components vary over time due to changes in land use, hydrology, available surface water supplies, and other factors, with surface water representing approximately 72% of the irrigation and domestic water supply. Although the recent drought suggests a possible supply demand imbalance, the

projected water budgets, which consider a full 50-year representative hydrologic period, likely provide greater insight into conditions in the subbasin in the future.

Four baseline water budgets have been developed to support GSP development and implementation, including evaluation of potential Projects and Management Actions that may be need to achieve or maintain sustainability into the future. The scenarios include:

- 1. Current Conditions Current land use and surface water supplies, 50 years historical hydrology
- 2. Future Conditions, no Climate Change Current land use, modified to represent planned development; current surface water supplies, 50 years historical hydrology
- 3. Future Conditions, 2030 Climate Change Current land use, modified to represent planned development; current surface water supplies, modified to represent 2030 climate change; 50 years historical hydrology, modified to represent 2030 climate change
- 4. Future Conditions, 2070 Climate Change current land use, modified to represent planned development; current surface water supplies, modified to represent 2070 climate change; 50 years historical hydrology, modified to represent 2070 climate change

Primary differences between current and potential future conditions water budget baselines include the following:

- Increased groundwater pumping to meet irrigation demands resulting from climate change and corresponding increases in consumptive demands (i.e. evapotranspiration).
- Changes in other water budget components in response to increased pumping. For the 2070 climate change scenario, increased pumping is offset by increased losses from streams (48 TAF/yr), increased net inflows from neighboring basis (8 TAF/yr), and decreased groundwater storage (-6 TAF/yr).

The baseline water budgets indicate that multi-year wet and dry cycles should be considered in establishing Sustainable Management Criteria, and that potential Projects and Management Actions should consider a toolbox of options to provide flexibility to implement based on observed conditions (surface water supply augmentation, increased recharge, demand management) and accrual of benefits over time, in anticipation of dry cycles and associated impact on groundwater conditions.

#### **Question and Answer Segment:**

Upon conclusion of the presentation, the facilitator opened the floor for public comment. The following input was received at that time.

- 4. A member of the public posed the following question: Are the 38 subareas tools for data collection for management of the whole basin or 38 separate Management Areas?
  - Mr. Clark responded that the 38 subareas are not formal Management Areas.
     The subject of Management Areas is beginning to be discussed including in the

Joint CGA/GGA Technical Advisory Committee meeting taking place on December 11<sup>th</sup>. The 38 subareas represent a way to develop inputs to the model that are then used to generate the water budgets that are specific to individual water supplier service areas and other local areas within the basin. This provides confidence that the model is accurately representing variation within the basin. They also provide a basis for extracting model results and evaluating whether the results are reasonable based on other sources of information.

## **Sustainable Management Criteria Presentation:**

The facilitator introduced the third presenter, John Ayres, of Woodard & Curran, part of the technical team. Mr. Ayres presented on Sustainable Management Criteria – Terms, Requirements, and Process (Attachment C).

Mr. Ayres provided a presentation describing Sustainable Management Criteria (SMC) being developed as part of the GSP, which provide a basis for evaluating sustainability during Plan implementation. These criteria include general descriptions of what sustainability means for the Colusa Subbasin and include the Sustainability Goal and descriptions of Undesirable Results (adverse groundwater conditions to be avoided in the long term). Additionally, the SMC include specific monitoring information developed for each monitoring site in the basin to evaluate sustainability over time. These include Minimum Thresholds (MTs), Measurable Objectives (MOs), and Interim Milestones (IMs).

## **Question and Answer Segment:**

Upon conclusion of the presentation, the facilitator opened the floor to public comment. The following input was received at that time.

- 5. A member of the public stated that she had not continuously kept up on SGMA and implementation /planning. She asked if there are other regions in the state where the State of California has taken over the monitoring--the thing we are trying to avoid?
  - The facilitator responded that this has probably not occurred. The Critically Overdrafted Basins' GSPs are still in review by DWR and all others, such as the Colusa Subbasin, are still developing their GSPs.
  - Mr. Clark explained that one of the conditions of SGMA is that all GSAs within a
    basin adopt a GSP. There has been one basin, the Madera Basin, where one of
    the GSAs chose not to adopt the GSP, however that has since been resolved
    without intervention. This example illustrates the advantage of only having two
    GSAs in the Colusa Subbasin.

### **Projects and Management Actions Presentation:**

The facilitator reintroduced Mr. Clark, who presented on Projects and Management Actions (PMA) (Attachment C).

Mr. Clark provided an overview of Projects and Management Actions (PMAs) and their inclusion in the GSP as activities that can be implemented to meet the sustainability goal as part of plan

implementation. General categories of PMAs include supply augmentation, groundwater recharge, demand reduction, and monitoring to improve understanding of the basin over time. Mr. Clark described the process for identifying, screening analysis, assessment of combinations of PMAs to address sustainability challenges, and final assessment of PMAs for inclusion in the GSP.

## **Question and Answer Segment:**

Upon conclusion of the presentation, the facilitator opened the floor to public comment. There was none at that time.

## **Colusa Subbasin Well Monitoring Pilot Program Presentation:**

The facilitator reintroduced Mr. Clark, who presented on the Colusa Subbasin Well Monitoring Pilot Program (Attachment C).

Mr. Clark described a voluntary, incentive-based program to provide participants with near real-time information on pumping and water levels, while providing the GSAs with information to support GSP development. The program will be implemented in 2021 and continue through the 2023 growing season.

## **Question and Answer Segment:**

Upon conclusion of the presentation, the facilitator opened the floor for public comment. There was none at that time.

### **Groundwater Sustainability Planning – Next Steps Presentation:**

The facilitator reintroduced Mr. Clark, who presented on the next steps of Groundwater Sustainability Planning (Attachment C).

### **Question and Answer Segment:**

Upon conclusion of the presentation, the facilitator opened the floor for public comment. There was none at that time.

## Closing:

The facilitator provided a last call for input from the public and then reminded attendees of avenues to provide feedback in the future (communication links presented in Attachment C).

Colusa County Supervisor and CGA Board Chair Denise Carter and Glenn County Supervisor and GGA Board member John Viegas provided closing remarks encouraging attendees to continue engaging in the GSP process and offering thanks to the consultant team.

The facilitator adjourned the meeting after reiterating the importance of public engagement and reminding attendees of ways to engage in the future.

This document summarized the public comment received at the December 10<sup>th</sup> meeting. To listen to these comments exactly as they were presented, please watch the recording of the meeting here: <a href="https://fb.watch/2ToD8xThBG/">https://fb.watch/2ToD8xThBG/</a>



### **Attachment A**

## Colusa Groundwater Authority and Glenn Groundwater Authority Board Members and Alternates, Staff, and Consultant Team Meeting Attendees

# Colusa Subbasin SGMA-Series Sustainable Groundwater Meeting December 10, 2020

John Amaro, Glenn-Colusa Irrigation District / Chair – Glenn Groundwater Authority
John Ayres, PE, CHG, Woodard & Curran
Denise Carter, Colusa County Supervisor / Chair – Colusa Groundwater Authority
Emil Cavagnolo, Orland-Artois Water District
David Ceppos, California State University Sacramento, Consensus and Collaboration Program (CCP)
Byron Clark, PE, Davids Engineering
Danaka DeBow, CCP
Mary Fahey, CGA Staff
Lisa Hunter, GGA Staff
Andrea Jones, Orland-Artois Water District
Mark Lobse, Monroeville Water District

Andrea Jones, Orland-Artois Water District
Mark Lohse, Monroeville Water District
Ken Loy, PG, CEG, CHG, West Yost Associates
Evan Markey, Cal Water (City of Willows Alternate)
Shelly Murphy, Colusa County Water District
Hilary Reinhard, Reclamation District 108
Chuck Schonauer, Orland-Artois Water District
Sajit Singh, City of Williams
George Valenzuela, Woodard & Curran
John Viegas, Glenn County Supervisor

## **AGENDA**

## COLUSA SUBBASIN SGMA-SERIES SUSTAINABLE GROUNDWATER MEETING

Hosted by the Colusa Groundwater Authority (CGA) and Glenn Groundwater Authority (GGA)

December 9, 2020

5:30 p.m. - 8:30 p.m.

https://csus.zoom.us/j/82305540067?pwd=aUVoTXU4NXZsNktHc3E3ZE90N3pJZz09

Meeting ID: 823 0554 0067 Passcode (Required): 105741

Phone In: 1-669-900-6833,,82305540067# (Not Toll Free)

December 10, 2020 1:00 p.m. – 4:00 p.m.

https://csus.zoom.us/j/89917492421?pwd=bTR4YUxLYzhVMWhFd2I2Ym5vSEgyZz09

Meeting ID: 899 1749 2421 Passcode (Required): 192684

Phone In: 1-669-900-6833,,89917492421# (Not Toll Free)

1. Log On / Sign In

NOTE: All Agenda Items will include a Question and Answer Period

- 2. Welcome, Agenda Review, Online Meeting Instructions
- 3. Overview Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA) and Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP) Preparation and Timeline
- 4. Presentation Colusa Subbasin Setting and Conditions
  - Basin Setting and Conditions
  - Water Budgets
- 5. Presentation Sustainable Management Criteria Terms, Requirements, and Process
  - Sustainability Goal
  - Significant and Unreasonable Conditions/Undesirable Results Statements
  - Minimum Thresholds and Measurable Objectives
- 6. Presentation Projects and Management Actions (PMA)
- 7. Presentation Colusa Subbasin Well Monitoring Pilot Program
- 8. Discussion Groundwater Sustainability Planning Next Steps
- 9. Adjourn

NOTE: A 10 minute break will be taken mid-way through the meeting at the discretion of the facilitator



COLUSA AND GLENN GROUNDWATER AUTHORITIES

# Colusa Subbasin Public Workshops

December 9, 2020: 5:30 - 8:30 PM

December 10, 2020: 1:00 - 4:00 PM

## **Outline**

- Groundwater Sustainability Plan Overview and Timeline
- Basin Setting and Conditions
- Water Budgets
- Sustainable Management Criteria
- Projects and Management Actions
- Well Monitoring Pilot Program
- Schedule and Next Steps

## **Zoom Input Methods**

We will use the "Raise Hand" feature to add you to the queue. To do so, click on the raise hand in the "Participants" window.

To get in the queue from your phone, press "\*9"

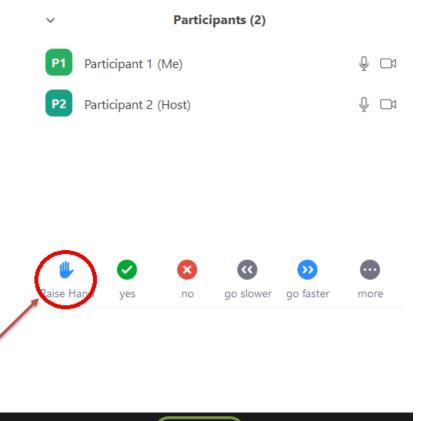
You can also use the "Chat" feature to write a question (see image below)

We will keep everyone muted until it is your turn to speak

We will do our best to get to all questions and comments

Start Video

Unmute



...

More

Leave

If you need assistance you can use the chat window to Dave or Danaka

**Share Screen** 

**Participants** 

❸

Reactions

# Groundwater Sustainability Plan Overview and Timeline

Byron Clark, PE Davids Engineering

# Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA)

- Enacted by State of California in 2014
- Establishes Groundwater Sustainability Agencies (GSAs)
- Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP)
  - Due January 31, 2022
  - Annual reporting and GSP Update every 5 years
  - 20 years to achieve Sustainability (2042)
- Allows for Local Management of Groundwater
- Risk of State Intervention if Sustainable Management not Achieved

# Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA)

Who is affected?

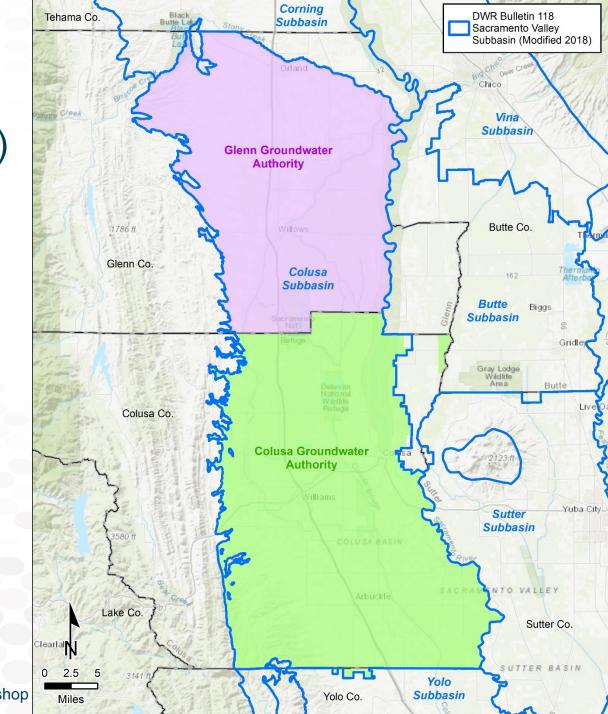


# Potential Implications of State Intervention

- Trigger: Department of Water Resources (DWR) determines GSP is <u>Inadequate</u>
- Potential State Water Board Actions
  - Designation as a "Probationary Basin"
  - Required extraction reporting by groundwater users for individual wells
  - State develops interim plan, including corrective actions, timeline to make the basin sustainable, and monitoring plan to ensure corrective actions are working
  - Fees
    - Current fee \$300 per well plus \$40 per acre-foot (~ \$21 million per year)
    - Potential for additional costs and fee increases over time

## Colusa Subbasin

- 1130 square miles (723,000 acres)
- Colusa Groundwater Authority
  - 12 Member Agencies
  - Cities, County, Water Districts, and
     Private Pumper Representatives
  - https://colusagroundwater.org/
- Glenn Groundwater Authority
  - 10 Member Agencies
  - Cities, County, and Water Districts
  - https://www.countyofglenn.net/dept/planningcommunity-development-services/waterresources/glenn-groundwater-authority



12/9/2020, 12/10/2020

**Public Workshop** 

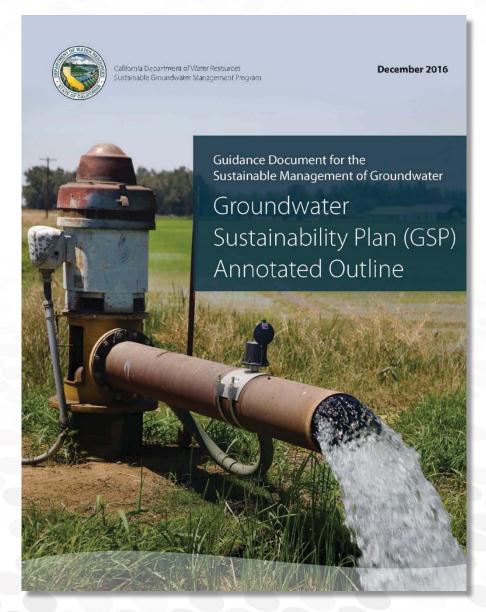
# Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA)

Sustainability Indicators

Sustainability	Lowering	Reduction of Storage	Seawater	Degraded	Land	Surface Water	
Indicators	GW Levels		Intrusion	Quality	Subsidence	Depletion	
Metric(s) Defined in GSP Regulations	• Groundwater Elevation	• Total Volume	Chloride concentration isocontour	Migration of Plumes     Number of supply wells     Volume     Location of isocontour	• Rate and Extent of Land Subsidence	Volume or rate of surface water depletion	

## **Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP)**

- 1. Agency Information
- 2. Plan Area
- 3. Basin Setting
  - Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model
  - Groundwater Conditions
  - Water Budgets
  - Management Areas
- 4. Monitoring Network
- 5. Sustainable Management Criteria
- 6. Projects and Management Actions
- 7. Plan Implementation



# **Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP)**

- Initial Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model (HCM) and Monitoring Network Sections Completed in 2018
  - Available at <a href="https://www.countyofglenn.net/resources/water/grant-project-data-management-and-hydrogeologic-conceptual-modeling-support">https://www.countyofglenn.net/resources/water/grant-project-data-management-and-hydrogeologic-conceptual-modeling-support</a>
- Currently Being Updated to Reflect Recent Conditions and Incorporate Basin-Wide Groundwater Conditions and Water Budgets
- Draft Basin Setting for TAC and Public Review Anticipated in early 2021
  - Posted to GSA websites
  - Links sent to email lists, posted on social media (Facebook, Twitter)

## Colusa Subbasin GSP - Draft Timeline

GSP Component	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22
Basin Setting		Condit	ift HCM, ions, and et GSP Se	l Water	TAC Review		Public Review	GSA Board Review	Mana	gement A	reas						
Basin Setting Outreach				$\Rightarrow$		<b>*</b>			$\stackrel{\bullet}{\nabla}$								
Sustainable Management Criteria	Goal a	: Sustaina nd Unde Its State	esirable		lin. Thres		•	ed MTs MOs	Public Review	Update	ed Sustai Yield	nable					
SMC Outreach				$\Rightarrow$		7			$\bigstar$								
Monitoring Network			Draft Represen		ntative			entative	Public Review								
Monitoring Outreach				IVIIN			MN		Review								
Projects and Management Actions			Initial PMA Identification a Assessment		n and	and Screening Analysis					Identify PMA mix and analyze uncertainty						
PMA Outreach				$\Rightarrow$													
GSP Document Preparation and Adoption								Area, N	nfo., Plan Iotice & mm.	Exec. Sur PMAs Impleme	, Plan		Review t GSP		Final	GSP	
GSP Outreach												$\bigstar$					
Funding Mechanisms			Initial Review and Comparison			Detailed Evaluation											
Hydrogeologic Investigation		Planning				Data Collection			Analysis and Incorporation into GSP								
Well Monitoring Pilot Program	Pro	ogram Development		Advertising and Enrollment		Implementation and Analysis											
Well Mont. Outreach					*												

## **More Information**

- GSA Contacts
  - Colusa Groundwater Authority: Mary Fahey, Program Manager
    - (530) 458-0719; Mfahey@countyofcolusa.com
  - Glenn Groundwater Authority: Lisa Hunter, Program Manager
    - (530) 934-6540; <a href="mailto:Lhunter@countyofglenn.net">Lhunter@countyofglenn.net</a>
- GSA Websites
  - Glenn Groundwater Authority: <a href="https://www.countyofglenn.net/dept/planning-community-development-services/water-resources/glenn-groundwater-authority">https://www.countyofglenn.net/dept/planning-community-development-services/water-resources/glenn-groundwater-authority</a>
  - Colusa Groundwater Authority: <a href="https://colusagroundwater.org/">https://colusagroundwater.org/</a>
- Social Media
  - Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/ColusaSubbasin">https://www.facebook.com/ColusaSubbasin</a>
  - Twitter: <a href="https://twitter.com/ColusaSubbasin">https://twitter.com/ColusaSubbasin</a>
- Other Resources
  - California DWR: <a href="https://water.ca.gov/Programs/Groundwater-Management/SGMA-Groundwater-Management">https://water.ca.gov/Programs/Groundwater-Management/SGMA-Groundwater-Management</a>
  - Farm Bureau: <a href="https://www.cfbf.com/top-issues/?tab=Water">https://www.cfbf.com/top-issues/?tab=Water</a>

## **Questions and Answers**

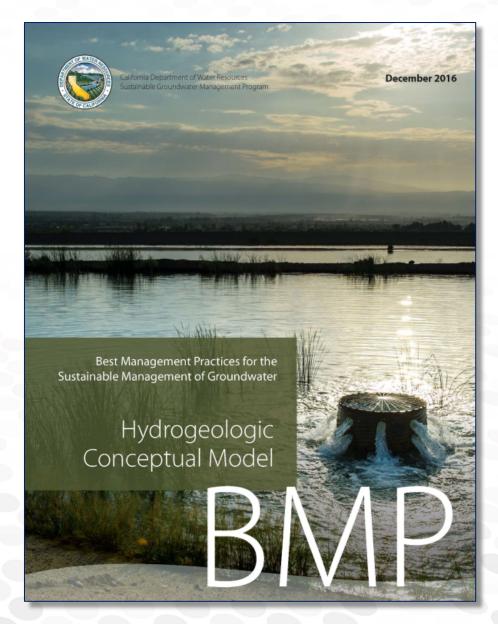
- In ZOOM. To get in the queue:
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  - Use \*9 from your phone, or
  - Write a question / comment in the "Chat" feature.
- To provide written input on any topic:
  - Glenn Groundwater Authority
    - glennsgma@countyofglenn.net
  - Colusa Groundwater Authority
    - mfahey@countyofcolusa.com
    - https://colusagroundwater.org/contact-us/

# **Basin Setting and Conditions**

Ken Loy, PG, CEG, CHG West Yost Associates

# **Basin Setting and Conditions**

- Hydrogeologic
   Conceptual Model
- Groundwater Conditions
- Prop 68 Additional Hydrogeologic Investigation

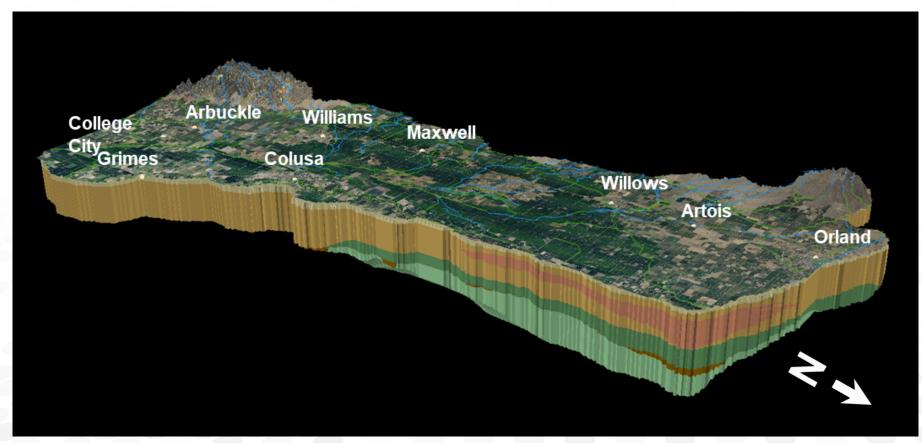


## Colusa Subbasin

- Largest Subbasin in the Sacramento Valley
- 724,000-acre Area
- 60 miles North-South
- 20 miles East-West
- 1,500 ft Thickness



# Water Movement Through the Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model (HCM)



Vertical Exaggeration=10x

# Major Water Budget Components

Precipitation

**Surface Water Inflows** 

**Groundwater Pumping** 

Evapotranspiration

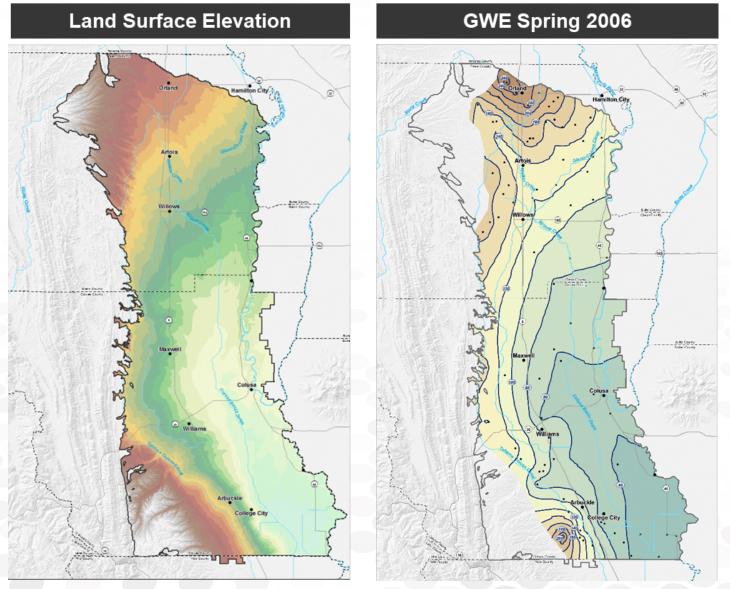
Surface Water Outflows

Percolation

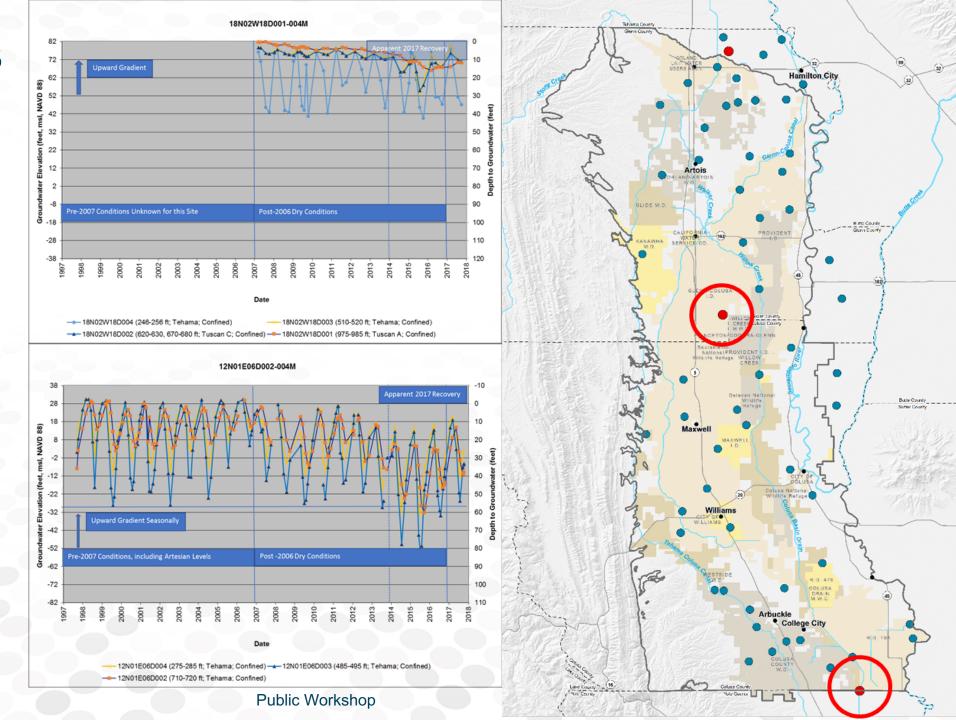
Stream - Aquifer Interactions

Interbasin Subsurface Flow

# **Groundwater Flow Trends**



# **Hydrographs**

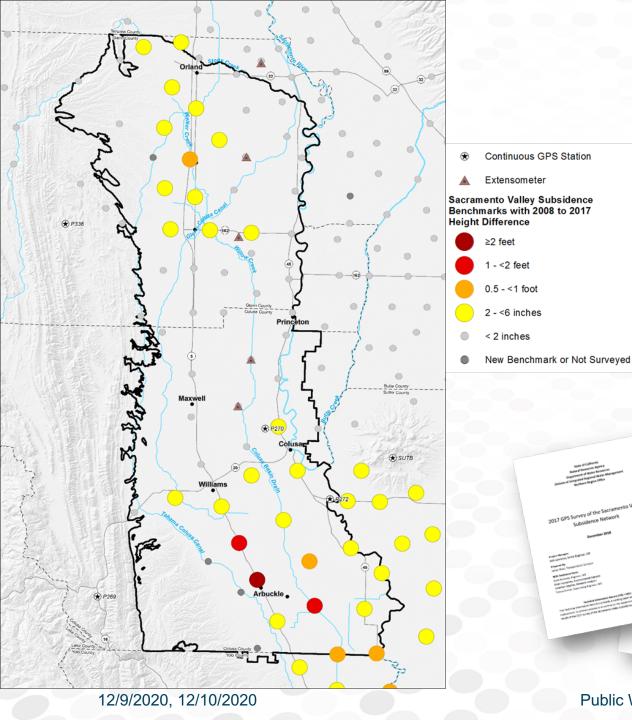


12/9/2020, 12/10/2020

# **Groundwater Quality**

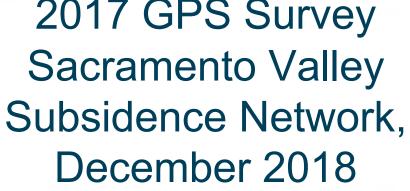
- Current groundwater quality is generally "good" with potential for some isolated issues.
- GSP focus will be on impacts to groundwater quality due to pumping and potential recharge activities.
- GSP will address salinity.
- Existing water quality monitoring programs are sufficient and not expected to change due to GSP implementation.





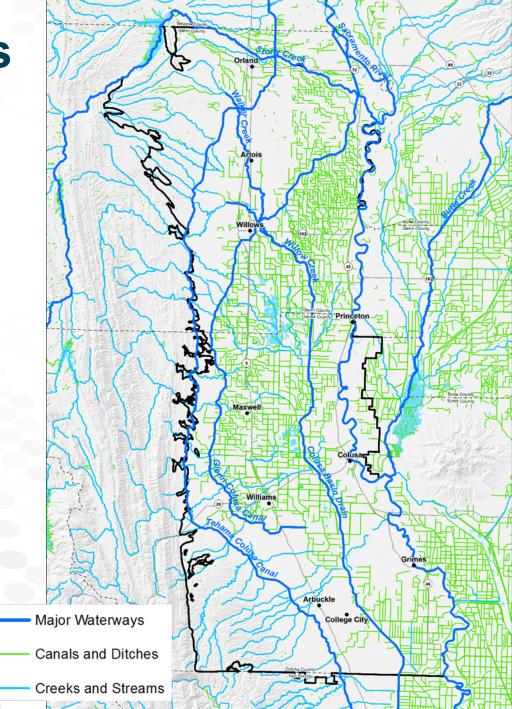
## **Land Subsidence**

2017 GPS Survey Sacramento Valley



## **Interconnected Surface Waters**

- Interconnected surface waters exist within the Colusa Subbasin.
- Changes in groundwater could impact these surface waters.
- Numerical modeling for water budgets used to evaluate impacts to interconnected surface waters.
  - Opportunity for additional monitoring in the future

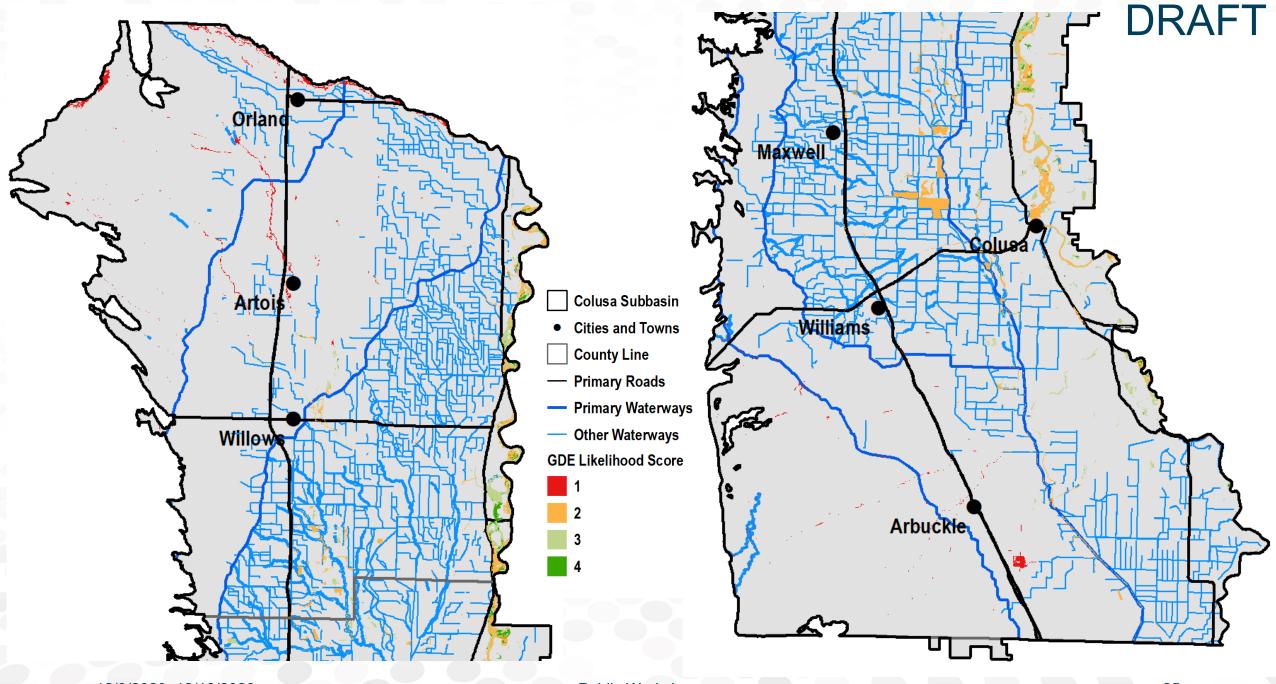


12/9/2020, 12/10/2020

**Public Workshop** 

# Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems (GDEs)

- Ecological communities or species that depend on groundwater emerging from aquifers or on groundwater occurring near the ground surface
- Potential GDEs identified by DWR/The Nature Conservancy
  - Wetlands and vegetation
  - 2,795 polygons, 17,748 acres
- Draft scoring developed
  - Scored from 1 4 (1 = less likely, 4 = more likely)
  - Recent historical spring depth to groundwater
  - Proximity to surface water sources
- Potential additional refinement supported by DWR Prop 68 grant



# **Prop 68 Hydrogeologic Investigation**

- Purpose
  - Fill data gaps to reduce uncertainty in GSP development
- Currently preparing an investigation work plan and coordinating with DWR
  - Discussions ongoing with GSA Technical Advisory Committee
  - Public participation welcome and encouraged
- Complete before October 2021

## **Questions and Answers**

- In ZOOM. To get in the queue:
  - Use "Raise Hand" Mode online, or
  - Use \*9 from your phone, or
  - Write a question / comment in the "Chat" feature.
- To provide written input on any topic:
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## **Water Budgets**

Byron Clark, PE Davids Engineering

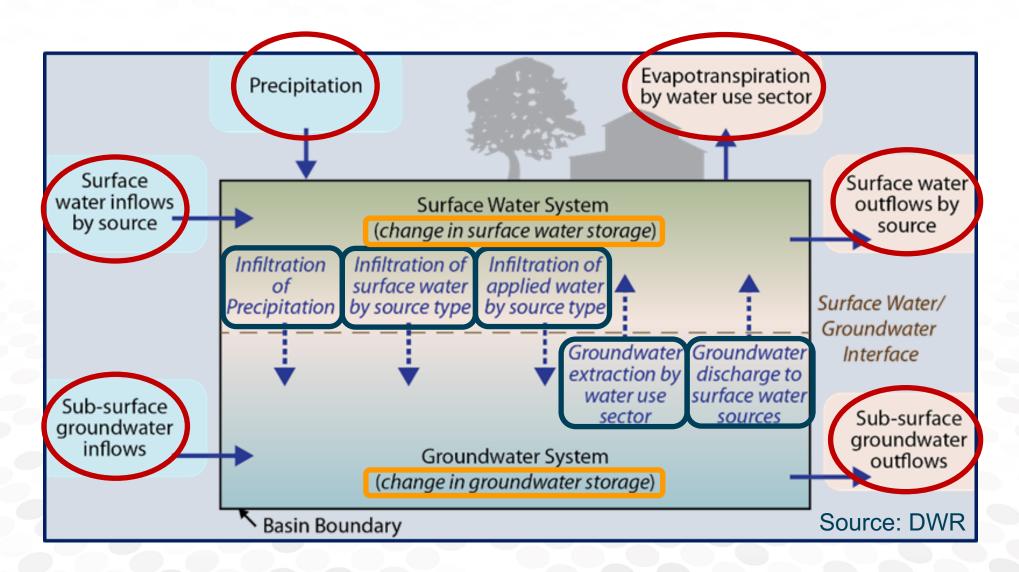
## **Water Budgets**

- Overview
- Historical
- Baseline and Projected

## **Water Budget Overview**

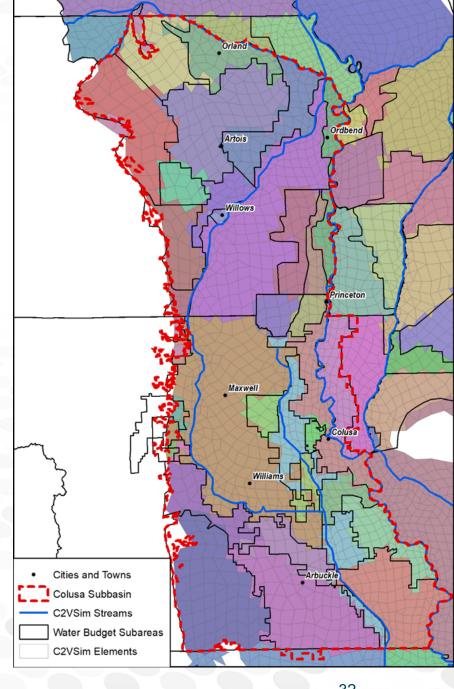
- Required for inclusion in the GSP
- Complete accounting of inflows, outflows, and change in storage (just like a checking account)
  - Deposits Withdrawals = Balance Change, or
  - Inflows Outflows = Change in Storage
- Developed for historical, current, and potential future conditions

## Water Budget Structure



## Water Budget Approach

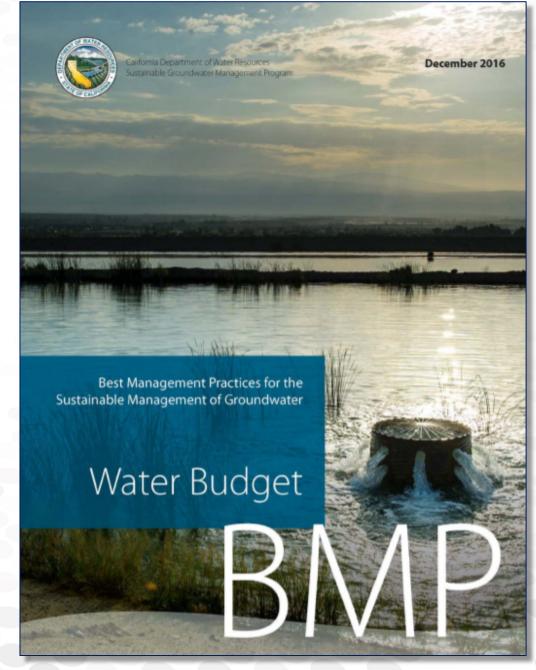
- Estimated using DWR's Integrated Hydrologic Model (C2VSimFG Beta2), with local refinements
- 38 Subareas in Colusa Subbasin
  - Water Suppliers/ Diverters
  - Counties
  - GW-Only Areas
- Ability to Report Out Water Budgets to Support Intrabasin Discussions



# Additional Water Budget Information

- Water Budget Fundamentals
- Technical Assistance
- Key Definitions
- Related Materials

https://water.ca.gov/Programs/Ground water-Management/SGMA-Groundwater-Management/Best-Management-Practices-and-Guidance-Documents



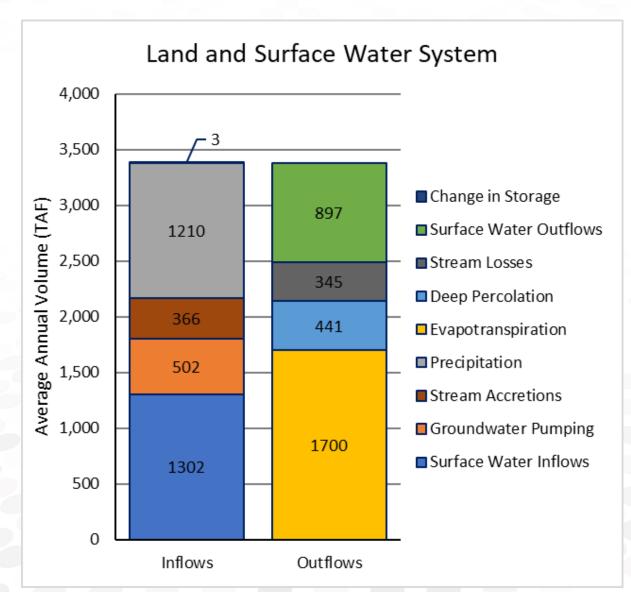
## **DRAFT Historical Water Budget**

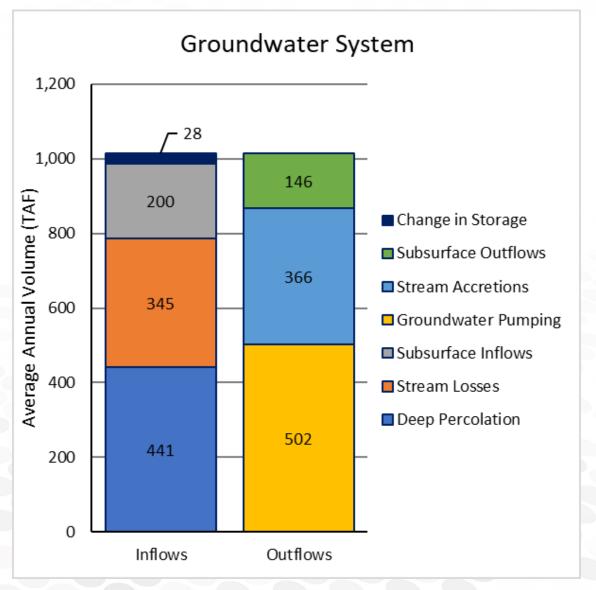
- Provides Basis for Understanding how the Basin has Responded Historically to Changing Conditions
  - Precipitation
  - Land Use
  - Surface Water Supplies
- Supports Model Calibration to Estimate Baseline and Projected Water Budgets
- Focus on water years 1990 2015\*

<sup>\*</sup> A "Water Year" is defined as the period from October 1 of the previous year to September 30 of the current year.



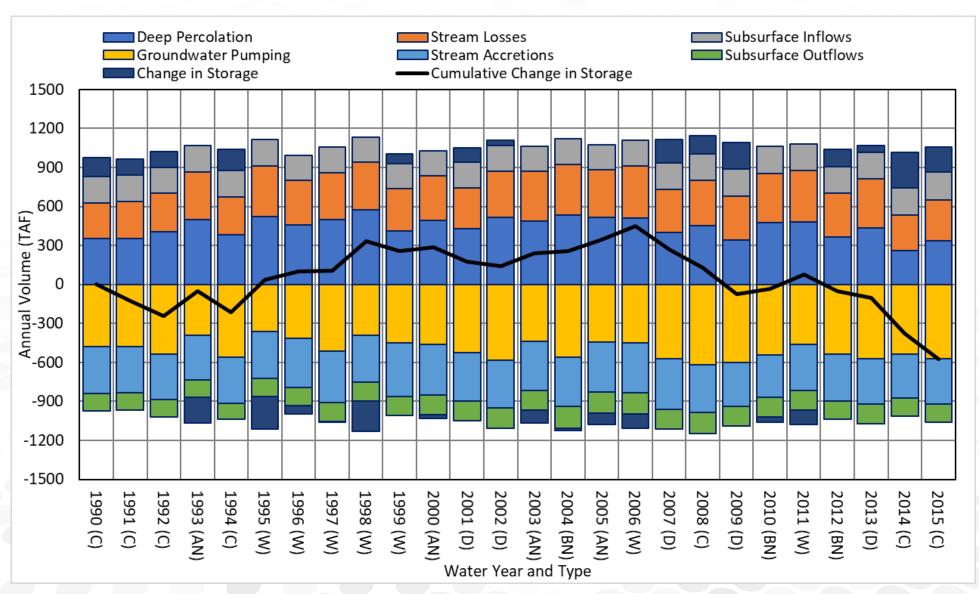
## **Average Historical Water Budget**





#### DRAFT

## **Historical Annual Groundwater Budget**



Water Year Type:

W – Wet

AN - Above Normal

BN - Below Normal

D - Dry

C - Critical

## **Historical Water Budget Takeaways**

- Conditions Have Changed over Time
- Surface Water Supplies Represent Primary Irrigation and Domestic Supply (~72%)
- Recent Historic Drought Suggests Possible Supply-Demand Imbalance
- Baseline and Projected Water Budgets Provide Broader Basis for Understanding Potential Future Conditions

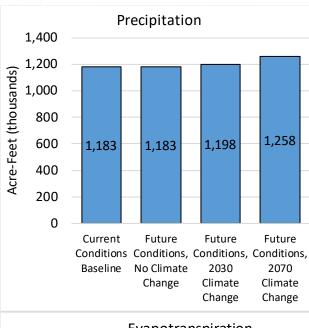
## **Baseline and Projected Water Budgets**

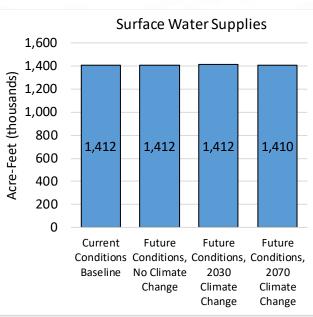
- Provide Basis to Understand Potential Uncertainty in Future Groundwater Conditions
- Support Evaluation of Potential Projects and Management Actions
- Not Used to Determine Sustainability
- Consider 50 Years of Hydrology
- Scenarios
  - Current
  - Future, no Climate Change
  - Future, 2030 Climate Change
  - Future, 2070 Climate Change

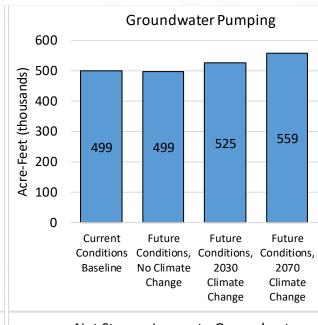
12/9/2020, 12/10/2020 Public Workshop

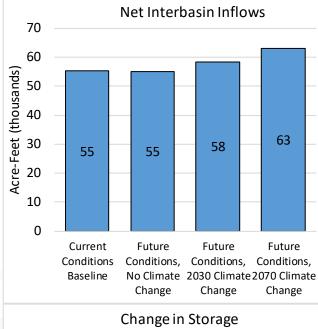
### **Comparison of Water Budget Components**

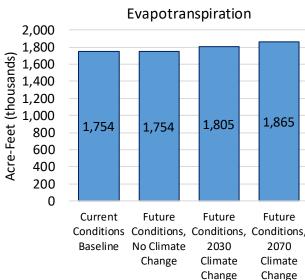
### DRAFT

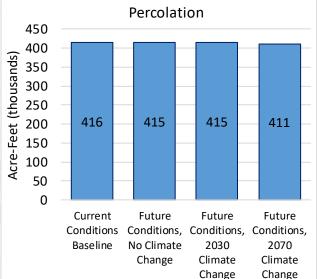


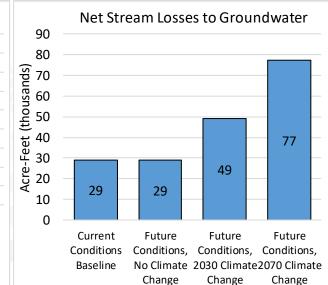


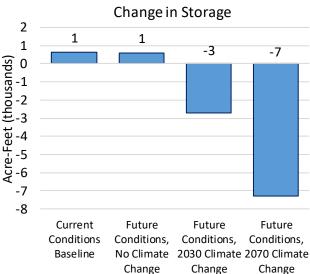






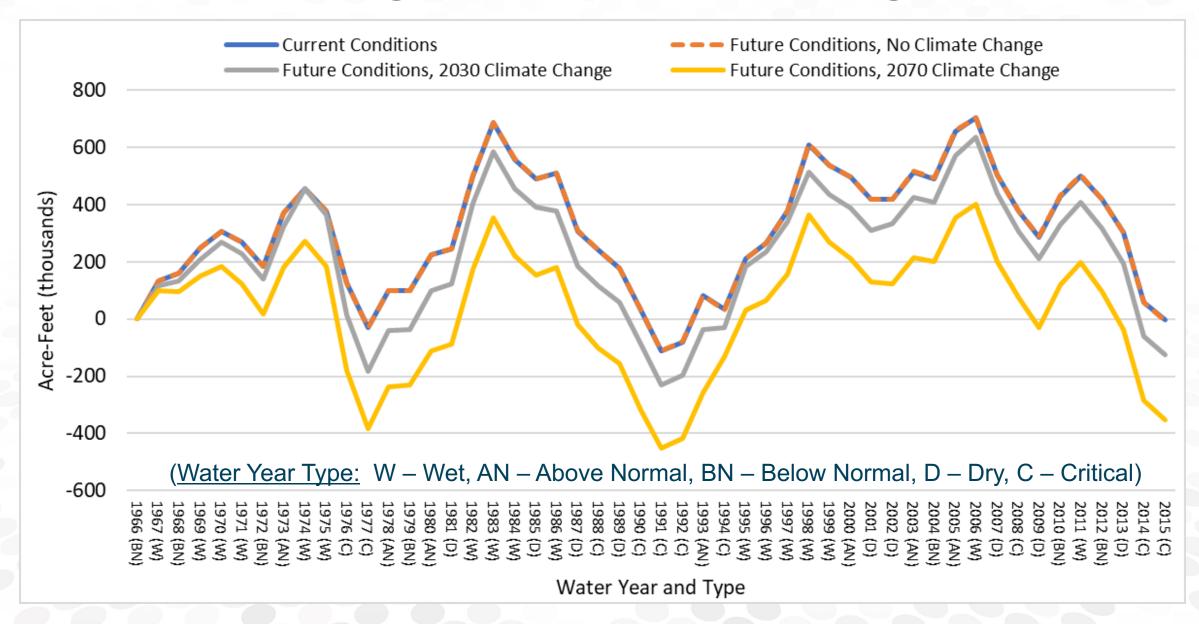






#### **Cumulative Change in Groundwater Storage**





### **Baseline and Projected Water Budget Observations**

- Average annual change in storage differs between scenarios
  - Increase in groundwater pumping under climate change scenarios (+26 TAF/yr to +60 TAF/yr)
  - Modest decrease in storage under 2030 and 2070 conditions (-3 to -7 TAF/year)
  - Decrease in storage less than increased pumping due primarily to increased recharge from streams (+20 TAF to +48 TAF/yr) and increased interbasin inflows (+3 TAF/yr to +8 TAF/yr)
- Changes in storage (and groundwater levels) substantial over multi-year wet and dry cycles

### **Baseline and Projected Water Budget Takeaways**

- Multi-year wet and dry cycles should be considered in establishing Sustainable Management Criteria
- Projects and management actions should consider
  - Toolbox of options to provide flexibility to implement based on observed conditions (surface water supply augmentation, increased recharge, demand management)
  - Accrual of benefits over time, in anticipation of dry cycles and associated impact on groundwater conditions

#### **Questions and Answers**

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## Sustainable Management Criteria

John Ayres, PG, CHG Woodard & Curran

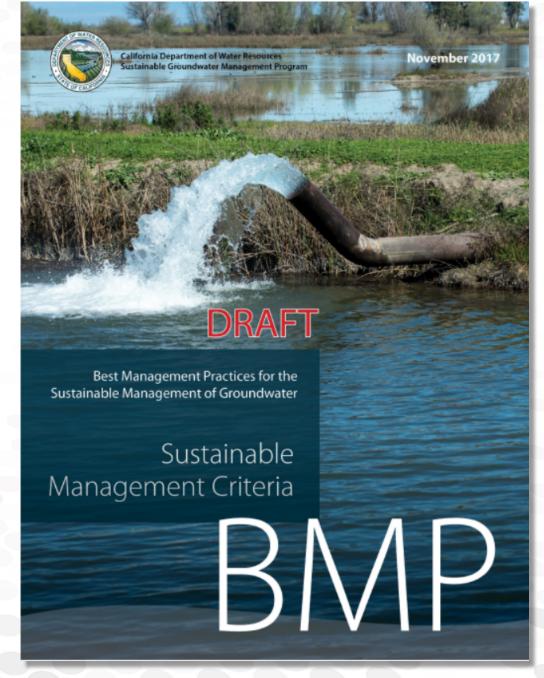
## Sustainable Management Criteria

- Overview
- Sustainability Goal
- Undesirable Results
- Minimum Thresholds, Measurable Objectives, and Interim Milestones

## **SMC Component Parts**

- Sustainability Goal
- Undesirable Results
- Minimum Thresholds, Measurable Objectives, and Interim Milestones
- Additional Information

https://water.ca.gov/Programs/Ground water-Management/SGMA-Groundwater-Management/Best-Management-Practices-and-Guidance-Documents



## **Overview: Sustainability Goal**

- Overarching Goal of the Entire Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP)
- Qualitative Description of Objectives and Desired Conditions in the Subbasin
- Supported by Undesirable Results, Minimum Thresholds,
   Measurable Objectives and Interim Milestones

## **Draft Sustainability Goal**

The sustainability goal for the Colusa Subbasin GSP is to maintain, through a cooperative and partnered approach, locally managed sustainable groundwater resources to preserve, and enhance the economic viability, social well-being and culture of all Beneficial Uses and Users without experiencing undesirable results.

 Undesirable results statements and how they are detected are a key component of the GSP, and require careful wording

#### Approach:

- Considers stakeholder input
- Phrased broadly to meet regulations "significant and unreasonable effects...caused by groundwater conditions"
- Drives monitoring network, thresholds, projects, and management actions portions of GSP

- Set for each sustainability indicator
- Not required for sustainability indicators where undesirable results are not present and not likely to occur (e.g. Seawater Intrusion)
- Can be updated adaptively over time
- Are required to be updated as part of 5 year GSP updates

#### Levels

-The undesirable result for the chronic lowering of groundwater levels is a result that would cause significant and unreasonable reduction in the long-term viability of beneficial uses and users over the planning and implementation horizon of this GSP.

#### Seawater Intrusion

-Seawater intrusion is not an applicable sustainability indicator, because seawater intrusion is not present and is not likely to occur in the Colusa Subbasin due to the distance from the Pacific Ocean, bays, deltas, or inlets.

- Quality
  - The undesirable result for degraded water quality is a result stemming from a causal nexus between groundwater quantity related activities, such as groundwater extraction or groundwater recharge, and groundwater quality that causes significant and unreasonable effects to Beneficial Uses and Users including reduction in the long-term viability of these uses over the planning and implementation horizon of this GSP.
- "Causal Nexus" is used to limit GSA's responsibility where it overlaps with existing issues, is naturally occurring, or is being covered by other programs

## What Does it Mean? (Groundwater Levels Version)

#### Sustainability Goal

Overarching objective of GSP

#### Undesirable Result Statements

 Describes what/who can be affected by negative conditions

#### Minimum Thresholds

 How far down groundwater at a particular monitoring well indicate conditions near that well are negative

#### What Does it Mean?

#### Local Control:

- -We decide how deep groundwater has to be (minimum thresholds) before we have a significant and unreasonable problem (and have to interact with State regulators)
  - If we decide that's shallower, we're less likely to see problems like dry domestic wells happen, but more likely to force the GSA to take actions, which have costs
  - If we decide that's deeper, we're more likely to see problems like dry domestic wells, but less likely to see the GSA forced to take actions
    - –GSA may choose to mitigate dewatered domestic wells as part of its management
- -GSA may also take actions without exceedances below thresholds, is not limited to only acting when levels are below thresholds

#### What is Undesirable?

- Groundwater Levels
  - Wells going dry
  - Increased pumping costs
  - Perennial/Intermittent streams staying dry longer
  - ??
- Subsidence
  - Damage to infrastructure (bridges, wells, etc.)
  - Water conveyance capacity
  - Flood protection
  - **-??**
- Groundwater Quality
  - Upwelling salinity
    - Drinking water
    - Irrigation uses
  - \_ ??



## Overview: Minimum Thresholds (MTs)

Minimum Thresholds refer to numeric values for each sustainability indicator used to define undesirable results.

- Quantitative value representing groundwater conditions at a representative monitoring site
- When exceeded individually or in combination with other monitoring sites, are used to detect an undesirable result

# Overview: Adaptive Management Threshold (AMTs)

Adaptive Management Thresholds are a non-regulatory threshold under consideration by the GSA to guide the GSA's management of groundwater to avoid reaching minimum thresholds

- Quantitative value representing groundwater conditions at a representative monitoring site
- When exceeded individually or in combination with other monitoring sites, may be used to trigger groundwater management by the GSA

## Overview: Measurable Objectives (MOs)

Specific, quantifiable goals for the maintenance or improvement of specified groundwater conditions that have been included in an adopted GSP to achieve the sustainability goal for the basin.

- Uses same measurement tools as minimum thresholds
- Provides a buffer above minimum thresholds for drought periods

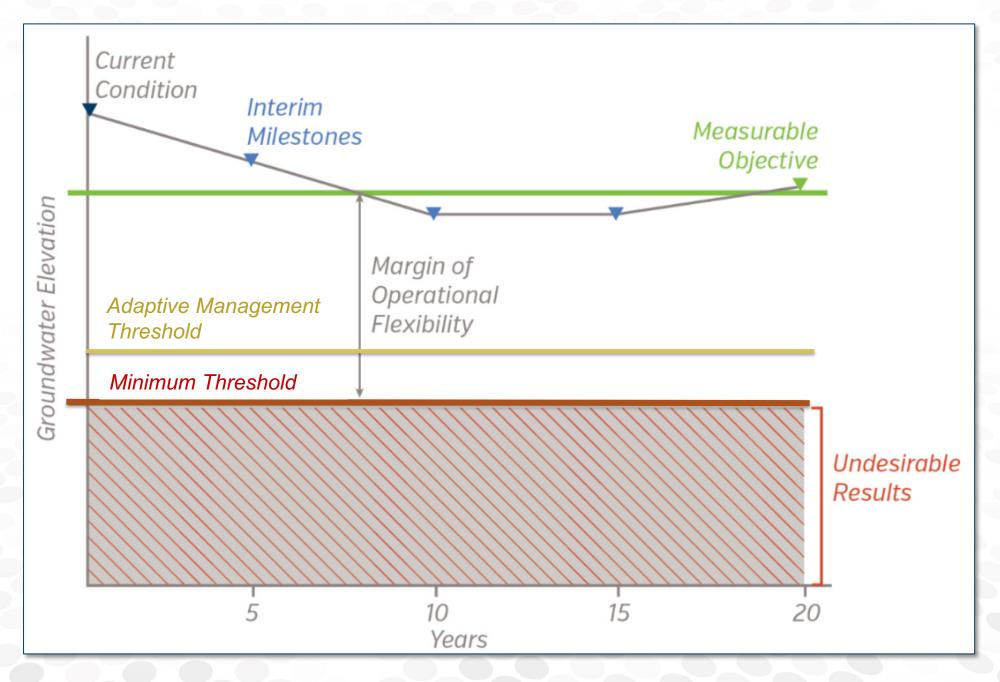
## Overview: Interim Milestones (MOs)

Interim Milestones track progress toward meeting the basin's sustainability goal. Interim milestones must be coordinated with projects and management actions.

- Uses same measurement tools as minimum thresholds
- Set in 5-year intervals, corresponding to required GSP updates

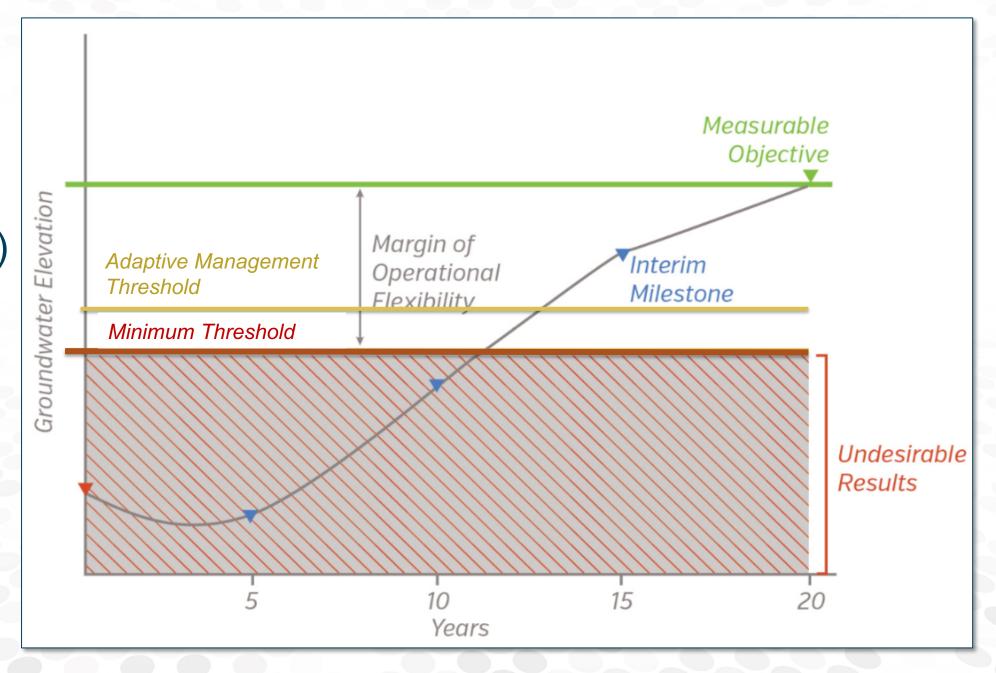
## **Example:**

(Current
Conditions
Sustainable)



## **Example:**

(Current
Conditions
Unsustainable)



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## **Projects and Management Actions**

Byron Clark, PE Davids Engineering

# **Projects and Management Actions (PMAs)**

- PMAs required to meet the sustainability goal over the planning and implementation horizon must be included in GSP
- Can be implemented adaptively, as needed
- Information Required:
  - Benefits and Costs
  - Implementation trigger(s) and schedule
  - Required permitting and regulatory process
  - Funding mechanism(s)
  - Etc.

#### **PMA Examples**

- Supply Augmentation
  - Incentivize use of available (but unused) surface water supplies
  - Storage (e.g. Sites Reservoir)
- Recharge
  - Winter recharge (e.g. capturing flood flows)
  - In-lieu recharge (e.g. dual source irrigation systems)
- Demand Reduction
  - Water conservation (e.g. delivery infrastructure modernization, increased reuse)
  - Invasive species removal (e.g. Arundo)
  - Pumping allocations
- Monitoring programs
  - Groundwater pumping, Groundwater levels, Stream flows, etc.

#### **PMA Development Process**

- Stakeholder engagement to develop initial inventory for discussion and evaluation
- Hydrologic, engineering, and economic analysis to screen initial PMAs
- Create and assess combinations of PMAs and evaluate potential impacts on groundwater conditions
- Rank, select, and perform final assessment of proposed PMAs for inclusion in GSP

## **Draft Template to Gather PMA Ideas**

- To be made available through GSA websites, mailing lists, etc. by late December
- Requested Information
  - Project Name and Contact Information
  - Project Description and Status
  - Supporting Information
- O.K. if not all requested information currently available

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# **Well Monitoring Pilot Program**

Byron Clark, PE Davids Engineering

# Well Monitoring Pilot Program

- Voluntary, Incentive-Based Program
- Equip Participants with Near Real-Time Information on Pumping and Water Levels
- Provides GSAs with Information to Support GSP Development
- Funded through DWR
   Prop 68 Grant



## **Program Eligibility**

- Potential Participants Agree to:
  - Allow GSAs to make information collected publicly available
  - Allow GSA representatives to make site visits
  - Participate for a period of three years
  - Install approved flow meter and access tube for pressure transducer in well casing, if not already present
  - Maintain cellular service for monitoring equipment telemetry during threeyear enrollment period
  - Manually report pumping data during three-year enrollment period, in the event of device failure

#### **Selection Criteria**

- Selection will Consider
  - Location within the subbasin (desire to enroll participants in both Glenn and Colusa counties)
  - Water source (fields relying primarily on groundwater preferred)
  - Presence of an existing flow meter installed per manufacturer specifications

## Incentives and Funding

- GSAs to Cover Costs of:
  - Flowmeter, if needed (up to \$2,500)
  - Purchase and installation of pressure transducer
  - Datalogger, solar panel, cellular modem, and a 3-year subscription for web and mobile access to data
- For Pilot Program, Funding Available for Approximately 6 Sites



### **Anticipated Timeline**

- Solicit Applications: Early January
- Landowner Workshop: Mid-Late January
- Selection and Deployment: February April
- Implementation: 2021 2023 Growing Seasons

12/9/2020, 12/10/2020 Public Workshop 74

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# **Schedule and Next Steps**

Byron Clark, PE Davids Engineering

### **GSP Development Schedule**

- Big Picture
  - Public Review Draft Anticipated August 2021
  - Adopt in late 2021
  - Submit to DWR by January 31, 2022
- Near-Term
  - Draft Basin Setting released for comment early 2021
  - Well Monitoring Pilot Program workshop January 2021
  - GSA board and Joint TAC meetings (approximately monthly)
  - Next Public workshops late February early March 2021

## **Basin Setting Public Review Draft**

- Sections
  - Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model
  - Current and Historical Groundwater Conditions
  - Water Budgets
- Distribution
  - Post to GSA websites
  - Links sent to email lists, posted on social media (Facebook, Twitter)
- Comment Process
  - Specific instructions to be provided with distribution

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  - Colusa Groundwater Authority
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    - https://colusagroundwater.org/contact-us/

#### **More Information**

- GSA Contacts
  - Colusa Groundwater Authority: Mary Fahey, Program Manager
    - (530) 458-0719; Mfahey@countyofcolusa.com
  - Glenn Groundwater Authority: Lisa Hunter, Program Manager
    - (530) 934-6540; <a href="mailto:Lhunter@countyofglenn.net">Lhunter@countyofglenn.net</a>
- GSA Websites
  - Glenn Groundwater Authority: <a href="https://www.countyofglenn.net/dept/planning-community-development-services/water-resources/glenn-groundwater-authority">https://www.countyofglenn.net/dept/planning-community-development-services/water-resources/glenn-groundwater-authority</a>
  - Colusa Groundwater Authority: <a href="https://colusagroundwater.org/">https://colusagroundwater.org/</a>
- Social Media
  - Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/ColusaSubbasin">https://www.facebook.com/ColusaSubbasin</a>
  - Twitter: <a href="https://twitter.com/ColusaSubbasin">https://twitter.com/ColusaSubbasin</a>
- Other Resources
  - California DWR: <a href="https://water.ca.gov/Programs/Groundwater-Management/SGMA-Groundwater-Management">https://water.ca.gov/Programs/Groundwater-Management/SGMA-Groundwater-Management</a>
  - Farm Bureau: <a href="https://www.cfbf.com/top-issues/?tab=Water">https://www.cfbf.com/top-issues/?tab=Water</a>